SCHEME AND SYLLABUS OF EXAMINATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF FILLING UP THE POST OF FORENSIC ANALYST/ SCIENTISTUNDER THE SIKKIM STATE SUBORDINATE ALLIED AND HEALTHCARE SERVICE.

The examination will consist of 2 papers: -

PAPERS	SUBJECT	FULL MARKS	TIME
			ALLOWED
PAPER - I	GENERAL ENGLLISH	80 MCQ&	02:00 HOURS
	& GENERAL	CONVENTIONAL	
	KNOWLEDGE		
PAPER - II	MAIN PAPER	120	03:00 HOURS
		MCQ &	
		CONVENTIONAL	
TOTAL 200 MARKS			

Paper - I & Paper - II will be objective type (OMR) and Conventional Mode.

1. PAPER - I: (a) GENERAL ENGLISH (MCQ/ CONVENTIONAL MODE)

The question will be designed to test the candidate's understanding and command of the English language. The pattern of questions would be broadly as follows:-

- 1. Comprehension of given passage
- 2. Grammar
- 3. Usages and vocabulary
- 4. Essay writing
- 5. Reporting writing

(b) GENERAL KNOWLEDGE :-

- i. Current events of local, national and international importance
- ii. National level schemes & projects undertaken by government of India/ State Government.

PAPER - II : MAIN PAPER (MCQ/ CONVENTIONAL MODE)

III. SYLLABUS FOR WRITTEN EXAMINATION FOR FORENSIC ANALYST/ SCIENTIST: -

Sl. No.	Course		
01	02	03	
01	Common responsibilities of forensic scientists	i). Carrying out laboratory examinations and analyses submitted by law enforcement agencies and medical examiners	
		ii). Serving as expert witnesses in a court of law	
		iii). Carrying out tests using scientific techniques, such as infrared spectroscopy, mass spectrometry, and scanning electron microscopy	
		iv). Ensuring all laboratory protocols and regulations are followed	

Health & HW. Department Government of Sikkim

		v). Inputting data into computer programs and utilizing relevant computer database information
		vi). Overseeing the maintenance and calibration of laboratory equipment
		vii). Preparing written reports based on evidence analysis
		viii). Coordinating the activities related to crime scene collection, preservation, and transportation
		ix). Serving as a liaison between the forensic laboratory and crime scene investigators
		x). Developing, maintaining and updating work quality standards, standard operating procedures, and similar methods and procedures
		xi). Coordinating work with other members of the forensic team and with outside agencies
02	Introduction to Forensic	Forensic Serology
	Science	
03	Biological Anthropology	Forensic Toxicology
04	Forensic Medicine & Medico-legal Aspects	Introduction to Criminology
05	Documentation & Forensic Analysis of Biological Evidence	Computer Forensic
06	Basics of Forensic Science & Crime Scene Management	Crime & Criminal behavior Criminal Justice System Basic Principles of Forensic Science Crime Scene Management
07	Forensic Science and its Application in Crime Investigation	Definition, Nature, Need & Scope of Forensic Science Questioned Document and Their Identification Forensic Ballistics and vehicular accident reconstruction Chemical & Toxicological Analysis
08	Forensic Medicine and the Laws	Medical Jurisprudence Medico legal aspect of Death Sexual offences Legal Aspects
09	Recent Advances in Forensic Science and the Laws	Cybercrime and Forensic Speaker identification Narco analysis, Brain mapping and Polygraph Facial reconstruction, Preventive Forensic and Analytical methods Forensic DNA Finger Printing
10	Practical Training	Laboratory work including TLC method, fingerprint development, handwriting identification, examination of various biological samples and study of analytical instruments used in crime investigation

Different Secretary
Health & F.W. Department
Government of Sikkim
(Dr. Pempa Tshering Bhutia), MS,
Director General cum Secretary,
Health & Family Welfare Department.